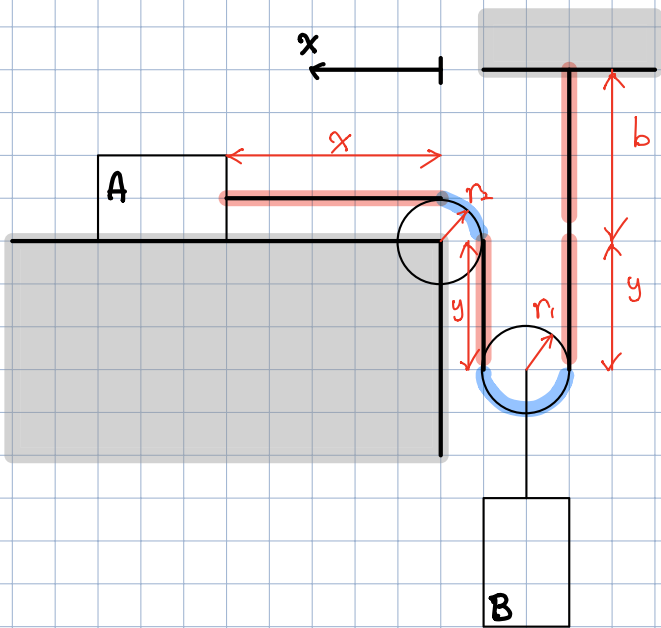


Constrained Motion of Connected Particles

1. One Degree of Freedom



The length of the cable =

$$L = x + \frac{2\pi r_1}{4} + 2y + \frac{2\pi r_2}{2} + b$$

$$= x + \pi r_1/2 + 2y + \pi r_2 + b$$

$L, r_1, r_2, b = \text{constant}$

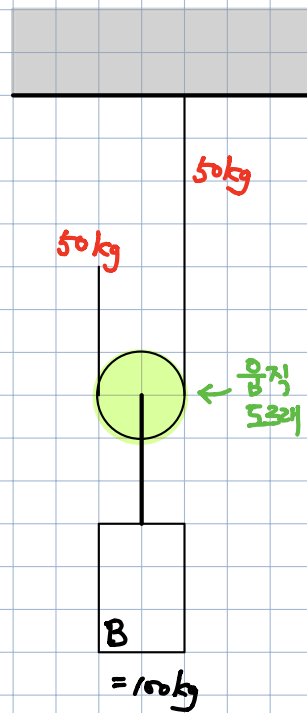
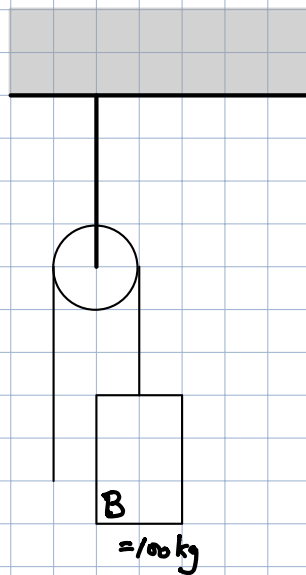
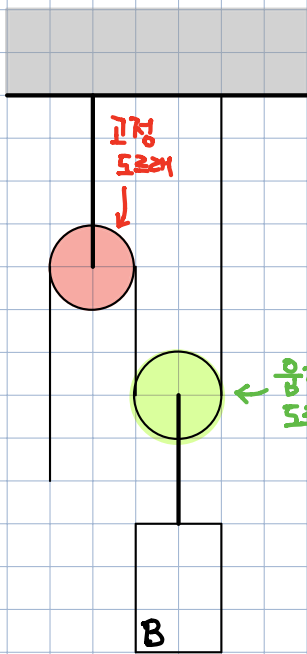
미분

$$0 = \dot{x} + 2\dot{y}$$

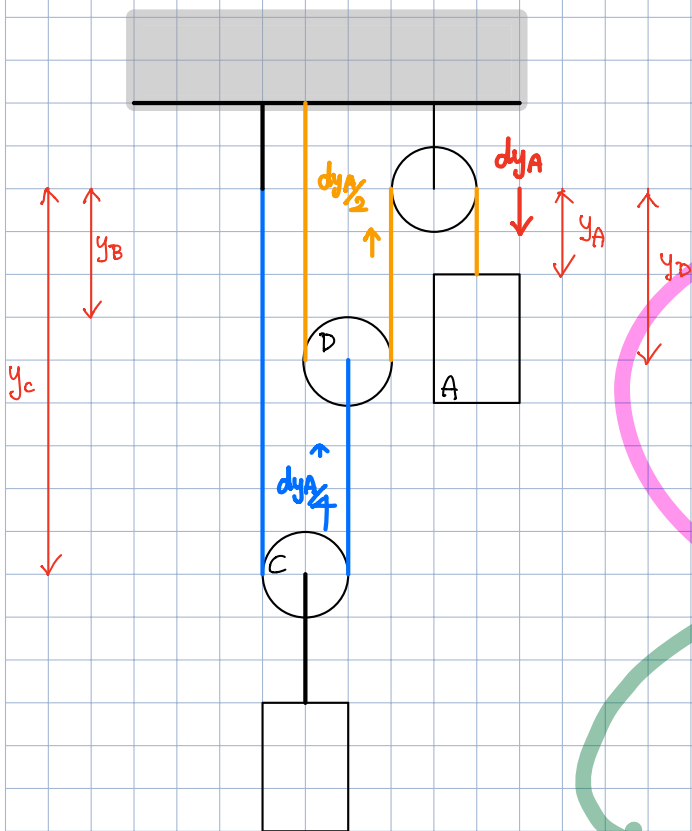
$$0 = v_A + 2v_B$$

$$0 = \ddot{x} + 2\ddot{y}$$

$$0 = a_A + 2a_B$$



2. Two Degree of Freedom



$$L_A : L_A = y_A + 2y_D + \text{constant}$$

$$0 = \dot{y}_A + 2\dot{y}_D$$

$$0 = \ddot{y}_A + 2\ddot{y}_D$$

$$L_B : L_B = y_B + y_C + (y_C - y_D) + \text{constant}$$

$$0 = \dot{y}_B + 2\dot{y}_C - \dot{y}_D$$

$$0 = \ddot{y}_B + 2\ddot{y}_C - \ddot{y}_D$$

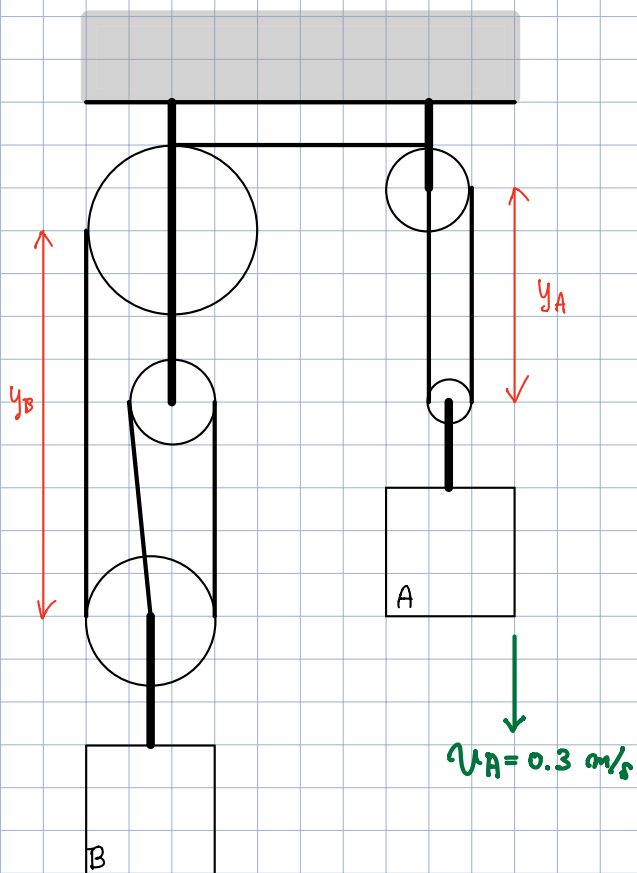
$$2\dot{y}_D = 2\dot{y}_B + 4\dot{y}_C$$

$$0 = \dot{y}_A + 2\dot{y}_B + 4\dot{y}_C \rightarrow U_A + 2U_B + 4U_C = 0$$

$$\dot{y}_D = \dot{y}_B + 2\dot{y}_C$$

$$0 = \dot{y}_A + 2\dot{y}_B + 4\dot{y}_C \rightarrow U_A + 2U_B + 4U_C = 0$$

Example > 2.15



A has a downward velocity of 0.3 m/s

Determine the velocity of B.

$$L = 2y_A + 3y_B + \text{const}$$

$$0 = 2\dot{y}_A + 3\dot{y}_B \quad \leftarrow \dot{y}_A = v_A = 0.3 \text{ (down)}$$

$$0 = 2v_A + 3v_B$$

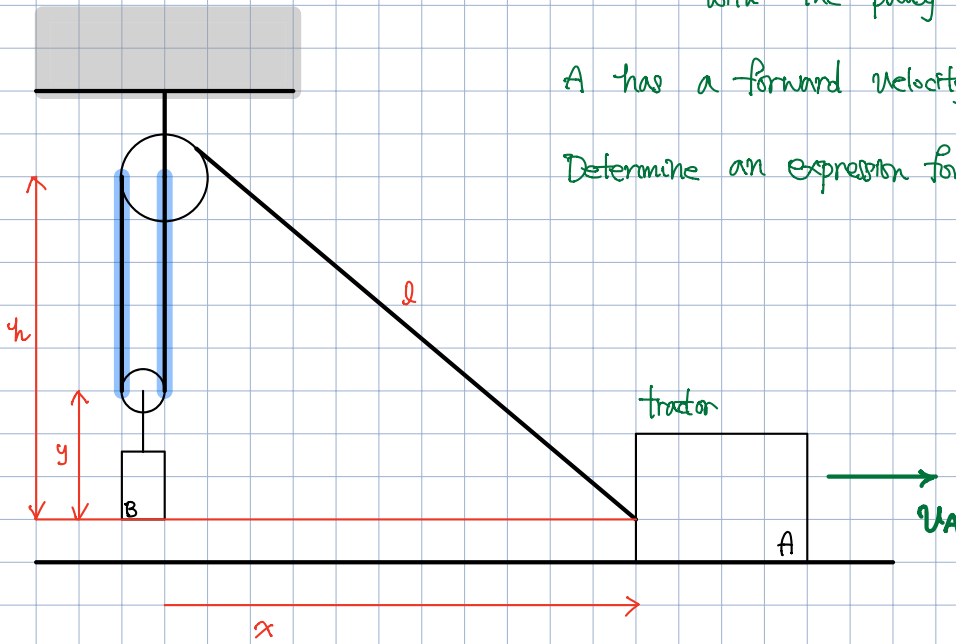
$$v_B = -\frac{2}{3} \cdot v_A = -0.2 \text{ m/s} \quad \text{Ans.}$$

Example 2.16

The tractor A is used to hoist B with the pulley arrangement

A has a forward velocity v_A

Determine an expression for upward velocity v_B in terms of x



$$L = l + 2 \cdot (h - y)$$

$$0 = \dot{l} - 2\dot{y} \quad \leftarrow \quad l = \sqrt{x^2 + h^2}, \quad \dot{l} = \frac{dl}{dt} = \frac{dl}{dx} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$0 = \frac{x \dot{x}}{\sqrt{x^2 + h^2}} - 2\dot{y}$$

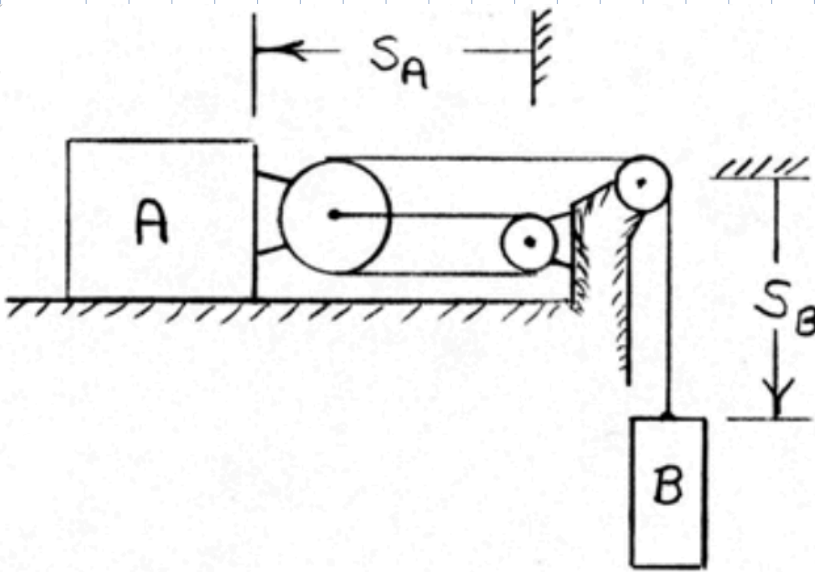
$$\frac{dl}{dx} = \frac{2x}{2\sqrt{x^2 + h^2}}$$

$$v_B = \dot{y} = \frac{x \cdot v_A}{\sqrt{x^2 + h^2}}$$

$$\dot{l} = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + h^2}} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt}$$

~~~~~  
Ans.

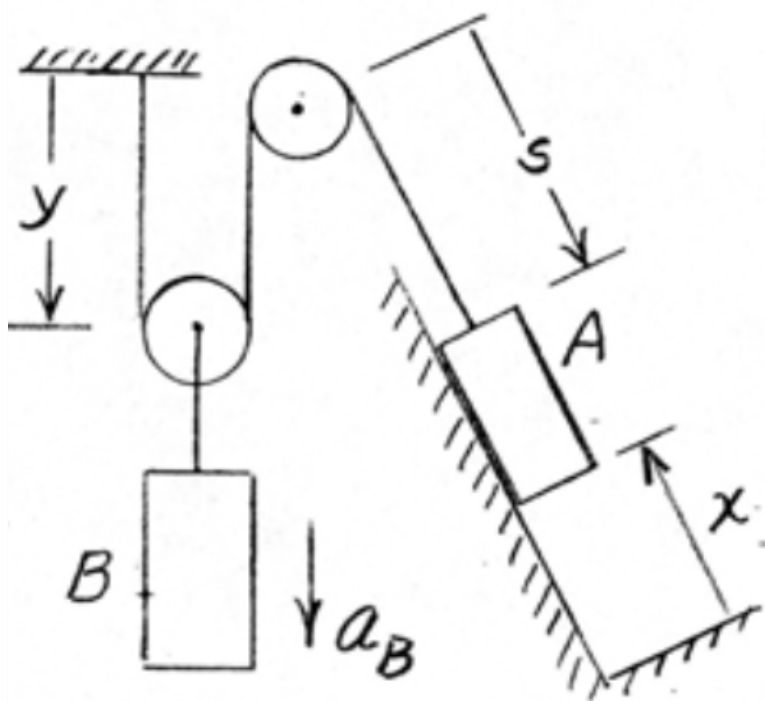
$$= \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + h^2}} \cdot \dot{x}$$



$$L = S_B + 3S_A + \text{const}$$

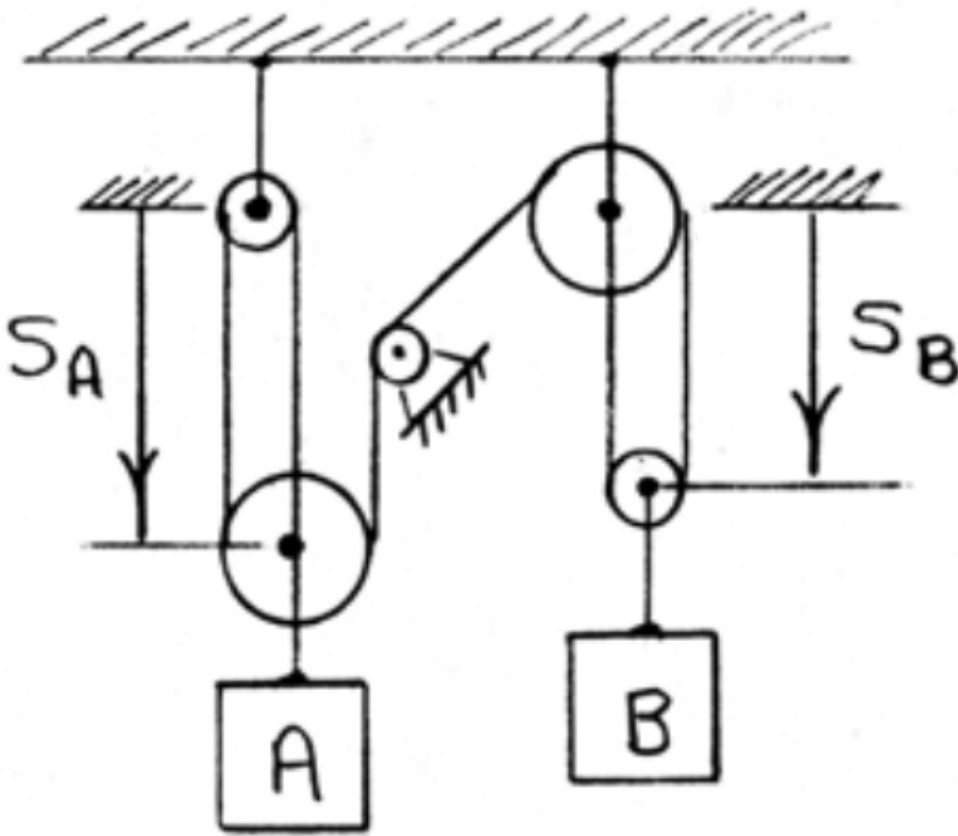
$$0 = \dot{u}_B + 3\dot{u}_A$$

$$\therefore \dot{u}_B = -3\dot{u}_A \quad \text{Ans.}$$



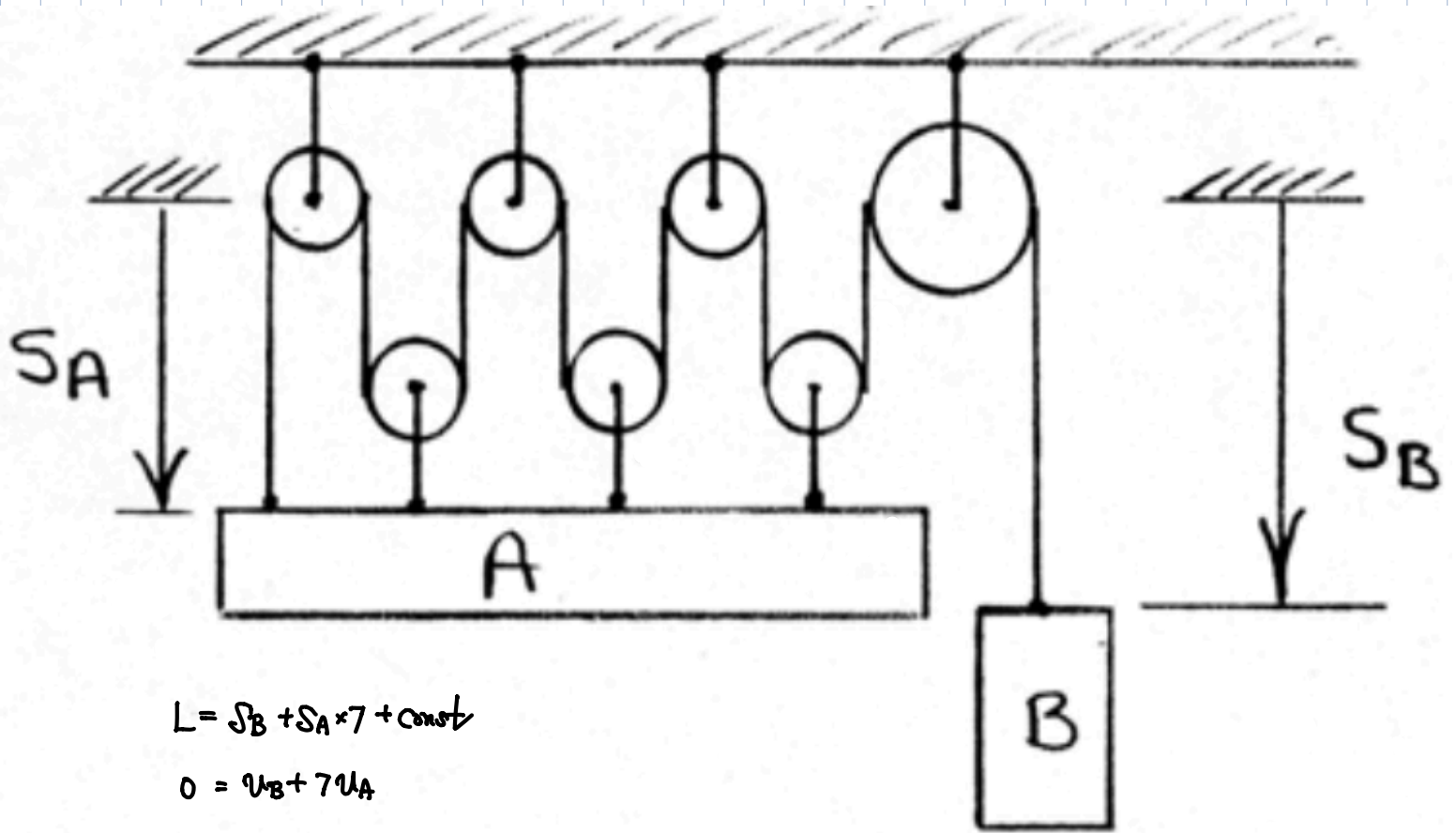
$$L = 2y + s + \text{constant}$$

$$0 = 2\dot{y} + \dot{s} \quad \text{Ans.}$$



$$L = 3s_A + 2s_B + \text{const}$$

$$0 = 3v_A + 2v_B \text{ Ans.}$$



$$L = S_B + S_A \times 7 + \text{const}$$

$$0 = v_B + 7v_A$$



